

State and FHDA Budget Outlook

All Administrators Meeting

May 8, 2020

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FOOTHILL-DE ANZA
Community College District

State Budget Picture

- Overall tax revenues will be reduced
 - Sales Tax
 - Personal Income tax (2/3 of State's General Fund revenue)
 - Corporate Income tax
 - Other taxes, such as gas tax
- Potential 20% reduction in guaranteed funding as calculated by Proposition 98.
 - Prop 98 generally ensures 40% of State General Fund Revenues go to K-14
 - 11% of the Proposition 98 funding goes to community colleges.
 - FHDA generally receives 2.1% of the community college total. In FY 2019-20 this amount was \$156.9 million.
- May revision with additional “August Revision”
 - Tax filing deferred to July 15th
 - Other economic indicators

FY 2019-20 FHDA Revenue Risks

- Possibility of a deficit factor being applied
 - \$1.56 million for every 1%
 - January reports included 3.689% deficit factor
 - Equivalent to \$5.8 million
- Impact of loss of activity generated income for Spring Quarter
 - Parking
 - Bookstores/Dining Services
 - Child Development Center

FY 2020-21 FHDA Revenue Risks

- A potential high of 20% reduction in Prop 98 funding
 - \$156 million X 20% = \$31 million
- Potential deficit factor
 - Property Tax
 - Enrollment Income
 - Educational Protection Act (EPA)
- Non-resident revenue comprises \$26 million or 15% of FHDA's General Fund Revenue
- Lottery revenue of \$4.2 million
- Local revenue allocated to campuses of \$1.4 million
- Hold Harmless is not guaranteed
 - \$13 million for FY 2019-20

Self-Sustaining and Enterprise Programs

- Shelter-in-place has eliminated revenue generating abilities for most of the self-sustaining and enterprise functions
 - For example, Bookstores, Dining Services, Child Development Center, Facility Rentals
 - Deficits will require either using individual fund balances or General Fund support
 - Student fee funded areas, such as Parking are adversely affected
- What will the future look like if social distancing measures require continued remote learning environment?

Categorical Income

- Uncertainty about availability of future state funding
 - Strong Workforce
 - Student Equity and Achievement (SEA) Program
- These programs have ongoing costs that have been incorporated into the campus services.
- Proposed consolidation of programs into one budget line

FHDA Expense Risks

- Additional costs due to COVID-19 preventative measures
 - Potential requirements
 - Adjustments to classrooms to allow for physical distancing
 - Additional sanitary supplies and cleaning services
 - Changing fixtures to provide social distancing
 - CARES Act funding only applies to remote learning environment
 - FEMA reimbursement is uncertain
- COLA and other annual compensation increases
- Mandatory Pension cost increases
- Anticipated health care cost increases

Likelihood of Basic Aid Status

A district is considered in Basic Aid status when State Apportionment < local sources (property tax and student enrollment fees).

- For FY 2019-20:
 - FHDA State Apportionment = \$156.9 million (base of \$143.9 million + hold harmless of \$13 million)
 - Local sources = \$145.2 million (projected property tax of \$125.2 + student enrollment fees of \$20.5 million)
 - Based on these projections the District would need \$11.7 million more in local revenue sources to reach Basic Aid status
- We are shrinking down to Basic Aid, not growing into it
 - Loss of 4,100 FTES in enrollment over last five years
 - District would still experience budget reductions
 - If hold harmless is lost and everything else held stable, based on a 5% assessed value growth rate, it would take 2-3 years to recover to FY 2019-20 revenue level

NOTE: Non-resident is not part of this calculation

Summary of Likely Risks

- **Revenue**
 - Reduction in Prop 98 funding (up to \$31 million)
 - Potential deficit factor (\$1.56 million to ??)
 - Non-Resident revenue (up to \$13 million at 50%)
 - Hold harmless (\$13 million)
 - Local revenue (\$1 million)
- **Expenses**
 - COVID-19 expenses (\$??)
 - Recent 6% COLA was \$7.3 million; \$500,000 step/annual increases
 - Pension obligation of \$2.6 million for STRS/PERS
 - Expected rise in health care costs
- **Self-Sustaining and Enterprise Programs**
 - Lack of ability to generate funding (Over \$1 million)
- **Categoricals**
 - Potential loss of funding due to state budget crisis (\$??)

Questions?